



Ministry of Climate Change, Environment and Energy
Republic of Maldives

NATIONAL WATER AND SEWERAGE STRATEGIC PLAN

2026 - 2030

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LEAD AUTHORS

Mohamed Musthafa

Afsal Hussain

Mariyam Dheena

Haleemath Nahula Ahmed

CONTRIBUTING AUTHORS

Sobah Rasheed

Aishath Nafua

Shagiya Abdul Rasheed

LAYOUT AND DESIGN

Haleemath Nahula Ahmed

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction	5
2. Background	7
3. Policy and Strategic Framework	8
4. Strategic Action Plan	
Policy 1: Ensure Sustainable, Affordable, and Universal Access to Safe Drinking Water and Improved Services	12
Policy 2: Protect, Conserve and Manage Natural Freshwater Resources	19
Policy 3: Promote Innovative and Sustainable Technologies for Water and Sewerage Services	20
Policy 4: Promote Research and Knowledge for Sustainable Water and Sanitation	21
Policy 5: Strengthen Human Resource Capacity and Social Inclusion	23
Policy 6: Strengthen Advocacy, Awareness and Community Engagement	27
4. Implementation Framework	29
5. Monitoring and Evaluation	29
6. References	30

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AGO	Attorney General's Office	MQA	Maldives Qualification Authority
CSO	Civil Society Organization	MNU	Maldives National University
ERA	Environmental Regulatory Authority	MOCCEE	Ministry of Climate Change, Environment and Energy
LGA	Local Government Authority	MOTCA	Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation
MATI	Maldives Association of Tourism Industry	NDMA	National Disaster Management Authority
MNACI	Maldives National Association of Construction Industry	NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
MNSDA	Maldives National Skills Development Authority	NWSP	National Water and Sewerage Policy
MOFAOR	Ministry of Fisheries, Agriculture and Ocean Resources	PCB	Privatization Corporation Board
MOIHUD	Ministry of Infrastructure, Housing and Urban Development	PO	President's Office
MOEDTT	Ministry of Economic Development, Transport and Trade	PWDs	Persons With Disabilities
MOFA	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	RACL	Regional Airports Company Limited
MOFPE	Ministry of Finance and Public Enterprises	SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
MOHFW	Ministry of Health, Family and Welfare	URA	Utility Regulatory Authority
MOIAE	Ministry of Islamic Affairs and Endowments	WASH	Water, Sanitation and Hygiene
MOEHESD	Ministry of Education, Higher Education and Skills Development	WDC	Women's Development Committee
MOYESF	Ministry of Youth Empowerment, Sports and Fitness		

INTRODUCTION

The Maldives comprises 1,192 small, low-lying, flat coral islands spread across more than 90,000 sq. km. of the Indian Ocean. The scattered and uneven distribution of the population presents significant challenges in providing basic services, including water and sewerage. With an average elevation of just 1.5 meters above sea level, the country is highly vulnerable to climate change, with immediate impacts on its freshwater resources.

Access to safe water is recognized globally as a fundamental human right, and the Constitution of the Maldives enshrines the right to safe water and adequate sewerage for all citizens. The Government is committed to ensuring that all inhabited islands have access to safe water supply and improved sewerage services.

The National Water and Sewerage Strategic Plan (NWSSP 2026–2030) is a legal requirement under Clause 14(a) of the Water and Sewerage Act (Act No. 8/2020). The first National Water and Sewerage Strategic Plan (NWSSP 2020–2025) was unveiled in 2020 as the initial framework guiding sectoral development and implementation.

The strategies and targets outlined in this revised NWSSP 2026–2030 are derived from the revised National Water and Sewerage Policy (2026), which reflects updated sectoral priorities and emerging national needs. This plan continues to serve as a key instrument for achieving sustainable water and sewerage management across the Maldives, in alignment with national development goals and long-term policy directions.

VISION

To ensure universal access to safe drinking water and improved sewerage services, while fostering sustainable management and conservation of natural freshwater resources through innovation and collaboration.

MISSION

To strengthen the sustainable management of natural water resources, water supply and sewerage services by leveraging innovative technologies, encouraging research and awareness, developing human resource capacity, and fostering partnerships that ensure equitable access and environmental stewardship

BACKGROUND

Due to the small size and low-lying nature of the islands, surface freshwater is generally scarce, except for a few swampy areas containing fresh or brackish water on some islands. Rainwater and groundwater are the primary naturally available freshwater resources in the Maldives. However, climate change and saltwater intrusion pose significant threats to the nation's water security.

Since the introduction of modern sewerage systems in the 1970s and 1980s, the water and sanitation sector has undergone significant development, marked by improved infrastructure, better regulatory frameworks, and increased service coverage across many islands. However, despite this progress, several inhabited islands continue to face challenges due to the absence of centralized sewerage systems and reliable safe water supply networks. These gaps highlight the need for sustained investment, capacity building, and innovative solutions to ensure equitable access to essential water and sanitation services for all communities.

Rapid urbanization, sea-level rise, and extreme weather events have increased the urgency for sustainable management and resilient infrastructure. This plan builds upon the NWSSP 2020–2025 to guide national efforts for universal access, sustainability, and innovation.

POLICY AND STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

This Plan is developed within the enabling framework provided by the Water and Sewerage Act (8/2020), National Water and Sewerage Policy and the Government's broader development priorities, including the Sustainable Development Goal 6 (SDG 6). It builds on lessons learned from the NWSSP 2020–2025 and reflects updated sectoral policies and strategic objectives to guide water and sewerage development over the next five years.

The plan identifies six key policy areas and is designed to facilitate collaboration among government authorities, private sector, civil society, development partners, and financing institutions. By fostering coordination and investment efficiency, it aims to support sustainable water resource management, enhance infrastructure resilience, and ensure equitable service delivery across the Maldives.

Implementation of the Plan will be monitored and reviewed by the Water and Sanitation Department of the Ministry of Climate Change, Environment and Energy with periodic evaluations to assess progress and adjust strategies as necessary. The formulation of this Plan has drawn on wide stakeholder engagement, including line ministries, state-owned enterprises, civil society, academia, island and atoll councils, ensuring a comprehensive and participatory approach to national water and sewerage planning.

POLICY GOALS AND TARGETS

These policy goals aim to ensure equitable access to clean drinking water and improved sewerage facilities in all inhabited islands, through financially and environmentally sustainable technologies. It also supports strengthening the legal framework, building capacity in the sector and promoting awareness and research.

Policy 1: Ensure Sustainable, Affordable, and Universal Access to Safe Drinking Water and Improved Sewerage Services

[Aligned to SDG 6.1 and 6.2]



Targets

- Policy Target 1.1: By 2027, ensure that 100% of inhabited islands have access to safe water supply and sewerage services.
- Policy Target 1.2: By 2027, ensure emergency response and management plans for water and sewerage services have been developed in all inhabited islands.

Policy 2: Protect, Conserve, and Manage Natural Freshwater Resources

[Aligned to SDG 6.3–6.6]



Targets

- Policy Target 2.1: By 2029, ensure groundwater baseline assessments have been completed in at least 30% of inhabited islands.
- Policy Target 2.2: By 2027, develop a guideline for groundwater recharge and resource replenishment.

Policy 3: Promote innovative technologies and tools for sustainable management of natural fresh water resources, wastewater, water supply and sewerage services
[Aligned to SDG 6.4 and 6.5]



Targets

- Policy Target 3.1: By 2029, develop and introduce a national water use efficiency labelling guideline.
- Policy Target 3.2: By 2029, identify and adopt an environmentally friendly and sustainable sewerage treatment and sludge management concept for inhabited islands.
- Policy Target 3.3: By 2029, launch a web-based platform for decentralized water and sewerage data collection and analysis.

Policy 4: Promote research on natural fresh water resources, wastewater, water supply and sewerage services
[Aligned to SDG 6.a]



Targets

- Policy Target 4.1: By 2028, ensure that water, wastewater and sewerage research regulation is gazetted
- Policy Target 4.2: By 2028, ensure collaborations have been made with at least three research institutes to conduct focused studies on innovative solutions for water, wastewater, and sewerage management

Policy 5: Strengthen human resource capacity and promote social equity in water, wastewater and sewerage sector.
[Aligned to SDG 6.a and 6.b]



Targets

- Policy Target 5.1: By 2028, develop a sector human resource capacity development plan.
- Policy Target 5.2: By 2028, ensure national/international scholarships/loan schemes is arranged for at least 5 students for water and sanitation related course.

Policy 6: Strengthen advocacy and awareness in water, wastewater and sewerage sector.
[Aligned to SDG 6.b]



Targets

- Policy Target 6.1: By 2027, launch national water and sewerage sector awareness campaign
- Policy Target 6.2: Conduct at least one water and sewerage awareness program (workshop/awareness session/etc) per year.

STRATEGIC ACTION PLAN

Policy 1: Ensure sustainable, affordable and universal access to safe drinking water and improved sewerage services [SDG: 6.1 and 6.2]									
Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 1.1: By 2027, ensure that 100% of inhabited islands have access to safe water supply and sewerage services Policy Target 1.2: By 2027, ensure emergency response and management plans for water and sewerage services have been developed in all inhabited islands								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Implementing Agency	Supporting Stakeholder Agencies
1.1. Improve the policy and legal framework to ensure access to safe water supply and sewerage services to all inhabited, commercial and industrial islands	1.1.a. Review and develop required policy frameworks for the Water and Sewerage sector	- No. of policy frameworks reviewed and revised - No. of new or updated policy frameworks developed	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, MOTCA

	1.1.b. Review and develop required legal frameworks for the Water and Sewerage sector	- No. of amendments to the act and regulations published - No. of new regulations developed and published	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, MOTCA
	1.1.c. Review, revise and develop water and sewerage standards, specifications and guidelines to provide inclusive access to all	- No. of standards, specifications and guidelines reviewed and revised. - No. of new standards, specifications and guidelines developed and published	x	x	x	x	x	URA	PO, MOCCEE, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, MOTCA

	1.1d. Formulate and ensure the implementation of the National Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Policy	Publication of National Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Policy	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, MOTCA
1.2. Establish and improve water supply and sewerage infrastructures	1.2.a. Development of water supply and sewerage infrastructure in all inhabited islands	- Percentage of islands and population with access to safe water supply network - Percentage of islands and population with adequate sewerage network	x	x				MOIHUD	PO, MOCCEE, MOFPE, Island Councils, ERA, Utility service providers, URA

	1.2.b. Repair, upgrade and extension of water supply and sewerage infrastructures	- No. of water and sewerage system repair projects completed - No. of water and sewerage system upgrade projects completed	x	x	x	x	x	Utilities	PO, URA, MOCCEE, MOIHUD, Island Councils, Utility service providers
1.3. Improve water and sewerage services in a more sustainable and cost-effective manner	1.3.a. Explore a more sustainable utility service model	- A new sustainable utility service model is developed		x	x	x		MOFPE	PO, MOCCEE, URA, Utilities, PCB
	1.3.b Conduct utility performance assessments	No. of utility performance assessments	x	x	x	x	x	URA	MOCCEE, Utility service providers, PCB, MOFPE
	1.3.c Review existing tariff structure and propose a cost-effective and a sustainable tariff model for the water and sewerage services	A cost-effective and a sustainable tariff model for the Water and Sewerage services is developed		x	x	x		URA	PO, MOCCEE, Utility service providers, MOFPE, Island councils

1.4. Ensure compliance monitoring and safety planning to strengthen operation, maintenance and management of water supply and sewerage networks	1.4.a Develop and ensure the implementation of water and sanitation safety plans in inhabited islands	- No. of water safety plans developed - No. of sanitation safety plans developed	x	x	x	x	x	Utilities	MOCCEE, URA, Island councils, MOHFW, NGOs
	1.4.b Assign individuals dedicated to monitor and co-ordinate water supply and sewerage system operations and maintenance at council level	No. of dedicated individuals assigned to monitor water and sewerage system operations at council level		x	x	x	x	MOCCEE & LGA	URA, MOFPE, Island councils
	1.4.c Conduct regular monitoring of water and sewerage service provision at island level and prepare monitoring reports	No. of monitoring reports developed	x	x	x	x	x	URA	MOCCEE, Utility service providers, Island councils
	1.4.d. Ensure water and sewerage systems in commercial and industrial islands are built and operational in compliance with the relevant regulations and standards	No. of operating licenses issued to water and sewerage systems established in commercial and industrial islands	x	x	x	x	x	URA	MOCCEE, MOEDTT, MOFAOR, MOTCA, RACL

	1.4.e. Monitor the integration of renewable energy and rainwater harvesting into water systems and ensure compliance with the Water and Sewerage Act	- No of completed water system islands with installed renewable energy - No. of completed water system islands with integrated rainwater	x	x	x	x	x	URA	MOCCEE, Utility service providers, MOEDTT, MOTCA
	1.4.f. Implement a stringent licensing process to ensure that the quality and capability of utility service providers	No. of operating licenses issued to water and sewerage service providers	x	x	x	x	x	URA	MOCCEE, Utility service providers, MOTCA
1.5. Develop and strengthen emergency response and management mechanisms to enhance the resilience of water and sewerage service provision.	1.5.a. Develop and ensure the implementation of emergency response and management plans for water and sewerage services at island level	No. of emergency response and management plans for water and sewerage services	x	x				Utilities	MOCCEE, URA

	1.5.b. Develop a mechanism to ensure water security in all inhabited islands	- Procedure to deliver water to islands with no water systems during water shortages is developed - No. of islands with water and sewerage systems with household connections	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOIHUD, URA, Utility service providers, Island councils
1.6. Leverage Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) to optimize the management and delivery of water and sewerage services	1.6.a Encourage private sector in the development and the operation of water and sewerage systems.	- No. of private companies involved in the development of water and sewerage systems - No. of private companies involved in the operation of water and sewerage systems	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOEDTT, MOFPE, MOFA

Policy 2: Protect, conserve and manage natural freshwater resources
[SDG: 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6]

Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 2.1: By 2029, ensure groundwater baseline assessments have been completed in at least 30% of inhabited islands Policy Target 2.2: By 2027, develop a guideline for groundwater recharge and resource replenishment.								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Agency	Supporting Agencies
2.1. Establish and promote Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM) principles	2.1.a. Mapping of surface freshwater and groundwater resources	No. of surface freshwater and groundwater resource maps		x	x	x	x	MOCCEE, ERA	URA
	2.1.b Develop a guidebook and formulate freshwater resource conservation and management plans for all inhabited islands.	- Guidebook to formulate freshwater resource conservation and management plan is developed - No. of freshwater resource conservation and management plans	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE, Island Councils	ERA, URA, LGA, CSO, NGO
2.2. Promote climate-resilient sustainable practices in conservation of natural freshwater resources	2.2.a. Develop a guideline for groundwater recharge and resource replenishment	A guideline for groundwater recharge and resource replenishment is developed	x	x				MOCCEE	MOIHUD, URA, ERA

Policy 3: Promote innovative technologies and tools for sustainable management of natural fresh water resources, wastewater, water supply and sewerage services [SDG: 6.4 and 6.5]

Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 3.1: By 2029, develop and introduce a national water use efficiency labelling guideline Policy Target 3.2: By 2029, identify and adopt an environmentally friendly and sustainable sewerage treatment and sludge management concept for inhabited islands Policy Target 3.3: By 2029, launch a web-based platform for decentralized water and sewerage data collection and analysis								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Agency	Supporting Agencies
3.1. Introduce innovative tools to maximize efficiency in water usage, and in provision of water and sewerage services	3.1.a. Develop and introduce water use efficiency labelling program for water saving devices and appliances	A water use efficiency labelling guideline is developed	x	x	x	x		MOCCEE, URA	PO, ERA, MOFPE, MOIHUD, MOEDTT, Utility service providers, MNACI, MATI, MOIAE
3.2. Introduce cost effective and environment friendly sewage treatment and disposal technologies	3.2.a Evaluate existing sewerage treatment systems and identify suitable environmentally friendly, sustainable sewerage treatment and sludge management options	An assessment is done to evaluate existing STPs and identified suitable sewerage treatment options	x	x	x	x		MOCCEE	URA, Utility service providers, ERA, MOFPE, MOIHUD, MOTCA
3.3. Introduce and implement digitally transformative, innovative and efficient water and sewerage service monitoring tools	3.3.a Develop an online platform for decentralised water and sewerage data collection and analysis	A web-based platform for decentralised water and sewerage data collection and analysis is launched	x	x	x	x		URA	MOCCEE, Utility service providers

Policy 4: Promote research on natural fresh water resources, wastewater, water supply and sewerage services [SDG: 6.a]

Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 4.1: By 2028, ensure that water, wastewater and sewerage research regulation is gazetted Policy Target 4.2: By 2028, ensure collaborations have been made with at least three research institutes to conduct focused studies on innovative solutions for water, wastewater, and sewerage management								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Implementing Agency	Supporting Stakeholder Agencies
4.1. Strengthen legal and regulatory framework to support and promote research in the field of water, wastewater, and sewerage	4.1.a. Develop and enforce water, wastewater, and sewerage research regulation	Water, wastewater, and sewerage research regulation is developed		x	x			MOCCEE	PO, MOIHU, MOEHESD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, Island councils, MNU, AGO
4.2. Create a conducive research environment in the field of water, wastewater and sewerage	4.2.a. Develop and introduce an incentive mechanism to support research in the field of water, wastewater and sewerage	An incentive mechanism to support research in the field of water, wastewater and sewerage is developed	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOFPE, MNU, MOEHESD

	4.2.b. Establish and launch a collaborative research initiative with at least three international research institutions to conduct focused studies on innovative solutions for water, wastewater, and sewerage management	No. of collaborations made with research institutes to conduct focused studies on innovative solutions for water, wastewater, and sewerage management	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOFA, MNU, URA, ERA, Utility service providers
	4.2.c. Develop a national water and sewerage report	National water and sewerage report is developed	x	x				MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, MOTCA
4.3. Promote dissemination of research findings in the water, wastewater, and sewerage sector	4.3.a. Publications of research studies of the sector in online platforms	No. of research studies of the sector published in online platforms	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MNU, URA, ERA, Utility service providers
	4.3.b. Participate and engage in research forums and conferences related to the water, wastewater, and sewerage sector	No. of research forums and conferences related to the water, wastewater, and sewerage sector participated	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOFA, MNU, URA, ERA, Utility service providers

Policy 5: Strengthen human resource capacity and promote social equity in water, wastewater and sewerage sector. [SDG: 6.a and 6.b]

Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 5.1: By 2028, develop a sector human resource capacity development plan. Policy Target 5.2: By 2028, ensure national/international scholarships/loan schemes is arranged for at least 5 students for water and sanitation related course								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Implementing Agency	Supporting Stakeholder Agencies
5.1. Improve human resource capacity of water and sewerage sector	5.1.a. Conduct an assessment of existing human resource capacity and identify human resource gaps within the sector.	Human resource capacity needs assessment is completed	x	x				MOCCEE	MOEHESD, MOHFW, Utility service providers, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, Island councils, URA, MOTCA
	5.1.b. Formulate and ensure the implementation of sector relevant human resource capacity development plan	Sector relevant human resource capacity development plan is developed		x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOEHESD, MOHFW, Utility service providers, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, Island councils, URA, MOTCA

	5.1.c. Develop and introduce an internship programme for different priority areas of the sector	An internship programme for different priority areas of the sector is developed		x	x	x	x	MOCCEE, URA	MOFPE, Utility service providers
	5.1.d. Develop water and sewerage utility services performance audit course	Water and sewerage utility services performance audit course is developed		x	x	x		MOCCEE	MOEHESD, MQA, URA, Utility service providers, UN agencies
	5.1.e. Conduct professional and technical skill programs to increase the human resource capacities of the sector	No. of professional and technical skill programs conducted to increase the human resource capacities of the sector	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MNSDA, MOFPE, URA, Utility service providers
	5.1.f. Create sector related opportunities in national /international scholarships and student loan schemes	Proportion of sector related opportunities in national /international scholarships and student loan schemes for water and sewerage sector	x	x	x	x	x	MOEHESD	MOCCEE, MOFPE, MOFA

5.2. Foster national and international multi-sectoral partnerships to build sector capacity	5.2.a. Develop collaborative partnership arrangements with national/international water and sanitation and water resource management educational, research institutes and governance bodies for capacity building	No. of collaborations made with national/international water and sanitation and water resource management educational, research institutes and governance bodies for capacity building	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOFA, URA, AGO, MNU
	5.2.b. Establish collaborative partnership with local NGOs, CSO's and institutions to support water and sanitation and water resource management programmes and services	No. of collaborations made with local NGOs, CSO's and institutions to support water and sanitation and water resource management programmes and services	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOYESF, NGOs, CSOs, Island councils
5.3. Increase accession and participation in key international conventions related to water, wastewater, and sewerage	5.3.a. Identify and join key international conventions relevant to water and sanitation sector and water resource management including WASH governance	No. of international conventions/forums/workshops/conferences/seminars/etc participated relevant to water and sanitation sector and water resource management including WASH governance	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOFA, PO, URA

5.4. Promote gender equality and social inclusion in the WASH sector by providing opportunities for individuals of both genders and all social backgrounds	5.4.a. Integrate WASH inclusivity into the National Gender Equality Action Plan	WASH inclusivity provisions incorporated into the National Gender Equality Action Plan	x	x	x			MOHFW	PO, MOCCEE, URA, Utility service providers
	5.4.b. Introduce sector-specific measures such as inclusive recruitment, targeted training pathways, and workplace accessibility standards to increase the participation of women and PWDs in utilities and WASH service providers.	Percentage of women and persons with disabilities (PWDs) employed in utilities				x	x	MOCCEE	MOHFW, URA, Utility service providers

Policy 6: Strengthen advocacy and awareness in water, wastewater and sewerage sector. [SDG: 6.b]

Major Policy Targets	Policy Target 6.1: By 2027, launch National water and sewerage sector awareness campaign Policy Target 6.2: Conduct at least one water and sewerage awareness program (workshop/awareness session/etc) per year.								
Strategy	Action	Indicator	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Lead Implementing Agency	Supporting Stakeholder Agencies
6.1. Create awareness on water resources conservation and wastewater management, WASH, water supply and sewerage services	6.1.a. Launching of the national water and sewerage sector awareness campaign	National water and sewerage sector awareness campaign is launched	x	x				MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, URA, LGA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, UN agencies

	6.1.b. Implement the national water and sewerage sector awareness campaign	- No. of sector awareness sessions conducted - No. of sector awareness materials posted in social medias	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	PO, MOIHUD, Utility service providers, ERA, LGA, URA, MOFPE, MOFAOR, MOEDTT, MOFA, AGO, MOHFW, MOEHESD, CSO, NGO, MOYESF, UN agencies,
6.2. Promote engagement and participation of Island councils, WDCs, CSOs, NGOs and communities towards advocacy on water, wastewater, and sewerage sector	6.2.a. Promote and enhance networking among island-based CSOs and NGOs to support collaboration and knowledge sharing in the water and sewerage sector	No. of sector related collaborations made with CSOs and NGOs	x	x	x	x	x	MOCCEE	MOYESF, NGOs, CSOs, WDCs, Island councils
	6.2.b. Facilitate outreach programmes led by Island Councils, WDCs, CSOs, and NGOs to empower island communities through sector awareness.	No. of awareness sessions conducted by Island councils, WDCs, CSOs and NGOs	x	x	x	x	x	Island councils, MOCCEE, URA	MOYESF, NGOs, CSOs, LGA, Island councils, WDCs

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

The Ministry of Climate Change, Environment and Energy will lead the implementation of this Plan, coordinating with partner agencies, Island councils, and NGOs. Implementation will be supported through government budgets, climate finance, international funding, and Public-Private Partnerships, with adequate human and financial resources mobilized to achieve the Plan's targets

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

The Ministry of Climate Change, Environment and Energy, through the Water and Sanitation Department, will oversee the implementation of this Plan using a results-based monitoring and evaluation framework, including a mid-term review in 2028, with evaluations conducted to assess progress, achievements, and to identify challenges along with strategies to address them.

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- 3.Ministry of Environment (2020). *Water and Sewerage Act (8/2020)*. Male' city, Maldives: Ministry of Environment.

